TABLE 7

DISPARITIES BETWEEN EXPECTED AND ACTUAL FEMALE FULL TIME COMMISSION SALES HIRES AS ADJUSTED BY THE MULTICELL ANALYSIS, NATIONWIDE, BY YEAR, 1973-1980

THE MODITO			1973-1980				
	m.tal	Percent Exp.	Female Act.	Number Exp.	Female Act.	Diff.	Z 22.7
Year 1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978	Total 4578 2630 1785 3113 2457 1076 570	33.5 44.6 43.9 39.6 43.1 45.1 42.4	17.6 22.5 31.1 31.4 32.6 36.6 40.5 30.7	1532 1173 784 1233 1059 485 242 151	809 593 555 979 802 894 281 106	580 229 254	22.4 22.8 10.9 9.3 10.5 5.6 0.9 4.9
1980 All Years	345 16549		^	6669	4469	2200	34.9
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Part time commission sales hires were younger, less educated, less experienced, and less likely to have indicated a preference for commission sales on the application than full time hires (PX 14; PX Siskin Rebuttal 2A). The analyses of characteristics for part time thus reduced the expected female proportion of hires considerably less than for full time; the logit and multicell reduced the 66.2% female proportion of part time sales applicants to an expected female proportion of part time commission sales hires of 63.3% and 56.8%, respectively (PX 1 at 63; PX Siskin 80 (cor. Jan. 24, 1985); Tr. 6763). Using an adjustment based on the lower of these figures, there were statistically significant disparities (beyond three standard deviations) between expected and actual female part time commission sales hires in all years in all territories, except for the Eastern Territory in 1975 and Midwestern Territory in 1975 and 1976. These disparities are set out in Tables 8 and 9.32

³² The information in Tables 8 and 9 is drawn from PX Siskin 80 (cor. Jan. 24, 1985), which presents the same information by territory. The four-territory analysis set out in Table 8 is an aggregation of the figures presented by territory with the z-value calculated by the formula referenced supra, p. 22, note 28. PX Siskin 81 (cor. Jan. 24, 1985) presents this same analysis by prod-